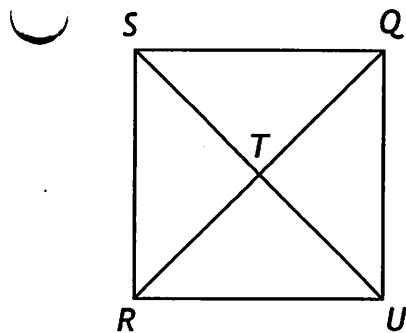


Quad Properties with Algebra Practice

Name _____



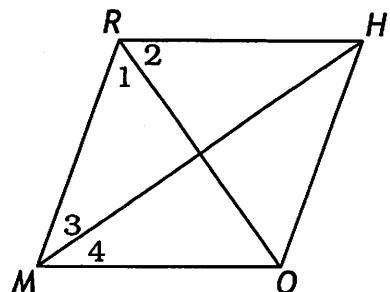
SQUR is a square. If $SQ = 2x + 10$ and $QU = 3x - 4$, find:

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$SR = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\text{Perimeter of square } \text{SQUR} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2)



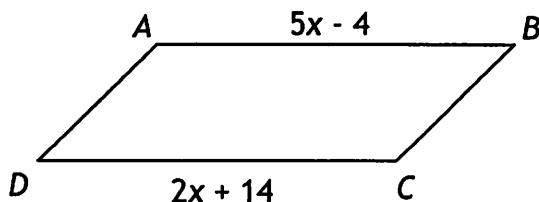
In rhombus $RHOM$, if $m\angle 1 = 55^\circ$, find:

$$m\angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

3)

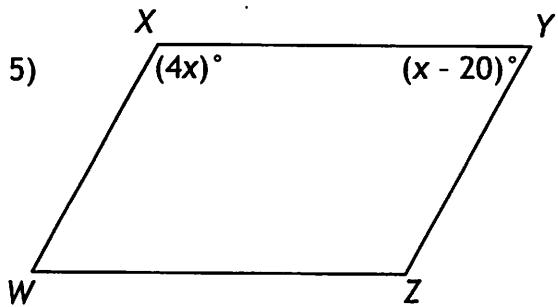


ABCD is a parallelogram. Find:

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$AB = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad DC = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- 4) The measures of two consecutive angles of a parallelogram are $(x + 40)^\circ$ and $(2x - 10)^\circ$, solve for x .



$WXYZ$ is a parallelogram. Find:

$$x =$$

$$m\angle X = \quad m\angle Y =$$

$$m\angle W = \quad m\angle Z =$$

- 6) In parallelogram $ABCD$, $m\angle A = 2x + 50$ and $m\angle C = 3x + 40$. Find $m\angle B$.

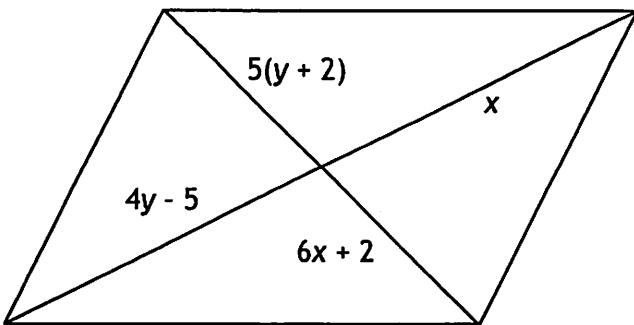
- 7) In rhombus $ABCD$, the lengths of sides AB and BC are represented by $3x - 4$ and $2x + 1$ respectively. Find the perimeter of the rhombus.

8) In isosceles trapezoid $ABCD$, $AC = 3x + 7$ and $BD = 5x - 9$. Find the length of AC .

9) In parallelogram $ABCD$, $m\angle A = 2x + 50$ and $m\angle C = 3x + 40$. Find the degree measure of $\angle A$.

10) In isosceles trapezoid $TRAP$, $\overline{TR} \parallel \overline{AP}$. If $m\angle T = (4x + 45)^\circ$ and $m\angle A = (2x + 75)^\circ$, find $m\angle R$.

11) Find the values of variables in the parallelogram below:

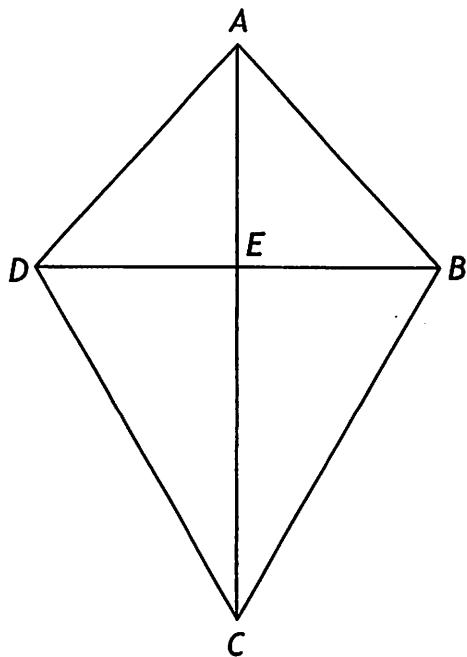


- 12) The perimeter of a rectangle is $12x + 4$. If the width is $2x$, what is the length of the rectangle?

- 13) The measures of 2 consecutive angles of a parallelogram are in the ratio 3:7. Find the measure of the larger angle.

- 14) Based solely on the information given, Can you conclude that $ABCD$ is a kite? If yes, state the property that justifies that $ABCD$ is a kite. If no, give counter examples.

Given: $\overline{AC} \perp \overline{BD}$



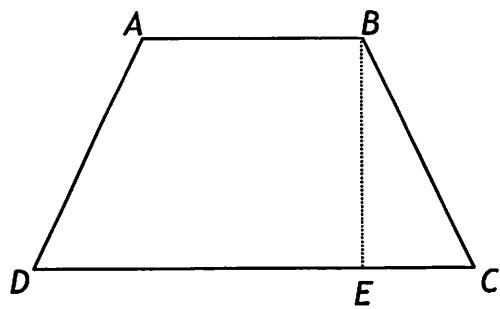
- 15) In the accompanying diagram, $ABCD$ is an isosceles trapezoid with altitude BE , $AB = 10$, $AD = 15$, and $BE = 12$. Find EC , the area of $\triangle BEC$, and the area and perimeter of the entire trapezoid.

a) Find EC

b) Find the area of $\triangle BEC$

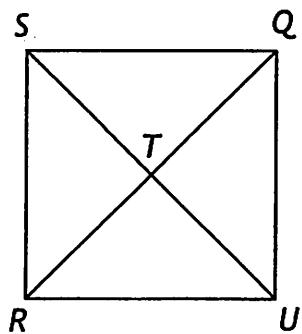
c) Find the area of trapezoid $ABCD$

d) Find perimeter of trapezoid $ABCD$



Quad Properties with Algebra Practice

Name Key



SQUR is a square. If $SQ = 2x + 10$ and $QU = 3x - 4$, find:

$$x = \underline{14}$$

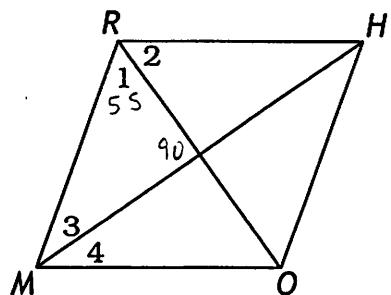
$$2x + 10 = 3x - 4$$

$$x = \underline{14}$$

$$SR = \underline{38}$$

Perimeter of square SQUR 152

2)



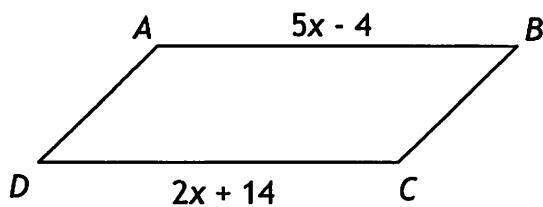
In rhombus RHOM, if $m\angle 1 = 55^\circ$, find:

$$m\angle 2 = \underline{90}$$

$$m\angle 3 = \underline{35}$$

$$m\angle 4 = \underline{35}$$

3)



ABCD is a parallelogram. Find:

$$x = \underline{6}$$

$$AB = \underline{26}$$

$$DC = \underline{26}$$

$$5x - 4 = 2x + 14$$

$$3x = 18$$

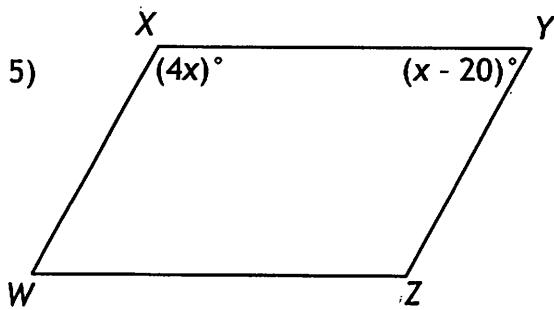
$$x = \underline{6}$$

- 4) The measures of two consecutive angles of a parallelogram are $(x + 40)^\circ$ and $(2x - 10)^\circ$, solve for x .

$$x + 40 + 2x - 10 = 180$$

$$3x = 150$$

$$x = 50$$



WXYZ is a parallelogram. Find:

$$x = 40$$

$$m\angle X = 160 \quad m\angle Y = 20$$

$$m\angle W = 20 \quad m\angle Z = 160$$

$$4x + x - 20 = 180$$

$$5x = 200$$

$$x = 40$$

- 6) In parallelogram ABCD, $m\angle A = 2x + 50$ and $m\angle C = 3x + 40$. Find $m\angle B$.

$$2x + 50 = 3x + 40$$

$$10 = x$$

$$m\angle A = 70^\circ \quad \text{m}\angle B = 110^\circ$$

- 7) In rhombus ABCD, the lengths of sides AB and BC are represented by $3x - 4$ and $2x + 1$ respectively. Find the perimeter of the rhombus.

$$3x - 4 = 2x + 1$$

$$x = 5$$

$$AB = 11 \times 4$$

$$\boxed{\text{Perimeter} = 44}$$

8) In isosceles trapezoid $ABCD$, $AC = 3x + 7$ and $BD = 5x - 9$. Find the length of AC .

$$3x + 7 = 5x - 9$$

$$16 = 2x$$

$$8 = x$$

$$\boxed{AC = 31}$$

9) In parallelogram $ABCD$, $m\angle A = 2x + 50$ and $m\angle C = 3x + 40$. Find the degree measure of $\angle A$.

$$2x + 50 = 3x + 40$$

$$10 = x$$

$$\boxed{m\angle A = 70^\circ}$$

10) In isosceles trapezoid $TRAP$, $\overline{TR} \parallel \overline{AP}$. If $m\angle T = (4x + 45)^\circ$ and $m\angle A = (2x + 75)^\circ$, find $m\angle R$.

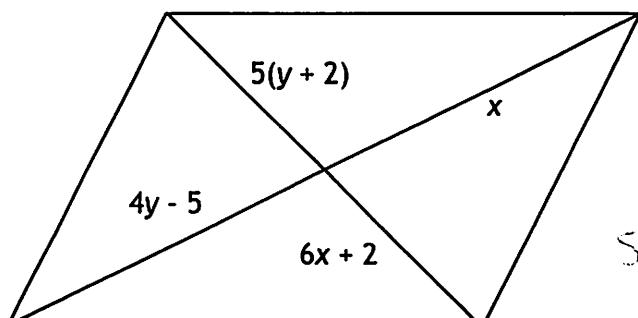
$$4x + 45 + 2x + 75 = 180$$

$$6x + 120 = 180 \quad \boxed{m\angle T = m\angle R = 85^\circ}$$

$$6x = 60$$

$$x = 10$$

11) Find the values of variables in the parallelogram below:



$$5(y+2) = 6x + 2$$

$$x = 4y - 5$$

$$5(y+2) = 6(4y - 5) + 2$$

$$5y + 10 = 24y - 28$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 38 = 19y \\ \hline 2 = y \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = 3}$$

- 12) The perimeter of a rectangle is $12x + 4$. If the width is $2x$, what is the length of the rectangle?

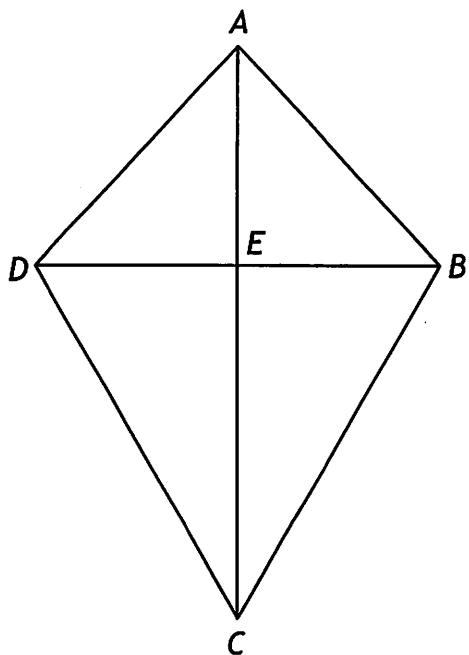
$$2x + 2x = 4x \quad 12x + 4 - 4x = \frac{8x+4}{2} = \boxed{4x+2}$$

- 13) The measures of 2 consecutive angles of a parallelogram are in the ratio 3:7. Find the measure of the larger angle.

$$\frac{7}{10}(180) = 126^\circ$$

- 14) Based solely on the information given, Can you conclude that $ABCD$ is a kite? If yes, state the property that justifies that $ABCD$ is a kite. If no, give counter examples.

Given: $\overline{AC} \perp \overline{BD}$



No a rhombus has

diag. that are \perp



- 15) In the accompanying diagram, $ABCD$ is an isosceles trapezoid with altitude BE , $AB = 10$, $AD = 15$, and $BE = 12$. Find EC , the area of $\triangle BEC$, and the area and perimeter of the entire trapezoid.

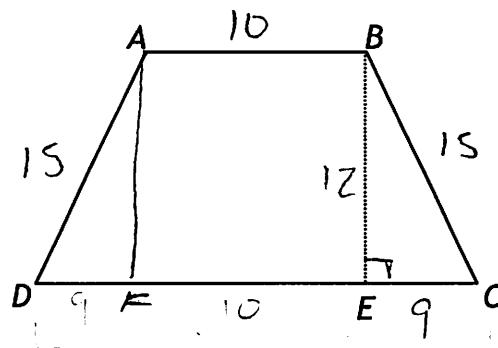
a) Find EC 9

b) Find the area of $\triangle BEC$ 54

c) Find the area of trapezoid $ABCD$

228

68



28